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WHOLE NO. 238.

man can recite the prominent acts of his life, and enumerate his virtues in an hour, or a day. A volume would not contain them all. Yet it may be useful, at this crisis to take a rapid glance at some of them. But first let me repeat an observation made by the Hon. B. Hardin of Kentucky, a few years ago, on the floor of Congress, when discussing the bill for the relief of the widow of Com. Decaur, and others. The bill proposed to give a large sum to the widow, and a small one to his two nieces. Mr Hardin was opposed to the bill, but contended for a different distribution, if it should He would give the large sum to the reices, who were of the Decatur blood, and the smaller to the widow. Sir, said he, in Kentucky, we look to the breed-we lay great stress on it-I like the Decatur breed -it is a good one. Now, sir, I am disposed to adopt the rule of Mr Hardin, and say I admire the Harrison breed, and am disposed to patronize it. But, sir, what is it? The inquiry may be answered in a few words: Gen. Harrison is the youngest son of the late Benjamin Harrison of Virginia, formerly Governor of that State, one of the most devoted patriots of the Revolution, from its commencement to its close, a Whig in 1775, opening his breast to the storm, defending the liberty of his country, till the struggle term nated in victory. I need only add, that he was one of the Signers of the of Mr Hardin, you will respond the breed

good, it is worthy of patronage. But Gen, Harrison does not look to the talents or the achievements of his ancestors as a foundation on which to build his own fame. He desires to stand or fall, on his own merits-he invites a strict scrutiny into his own life, the greater portion of which as been devoted to public duties, and open to the inspection of the world. If it shall have been found that he has been deficient, Harrison, then commandant of Fort Washeither in talent, integrity, er in zeal, for the public good, he is ready to abide the consequences; but it on the contrary, in the multiplied offices he has held, he has discounted his duty to his country, with great fidelity, then he has a right to expect at the last of the contrary of the country of th

study of a profession—that of medicine, In that year the veteran St. Clair was defeated, his army routed and almost annihilated, and as a consequence, the infinit self-like part of the profession, powers tempting to an ambiguity of the profession powers tempting to a convenience, the infinit self-like part of the profession, powers tempting to an ambiguity of the profession powers tempting to an ambiguity of the profession powers tempting to a convenience, the infinit self-like part of the profession, powers tempting to an ambiguity of the profession powers tempting to an ambiguity of the study of a profession -- that of medicine, conviction that his convact would be com- liv abused and perverted to purposes of his route to secure supplies. The Indians to show the usurper, that his convact would be commost efficient mode of contributing to their salety. Washington, then at the head of taining a finfilment of his contract; and it the Government, informed his friends that was su posed that his son-in-law had taken and. Since that period, the powers of such the army was full, and that he had nothing the same time, the belief that the contract would be confirmed, acts of Congress. In this way, he passed that the same time, the belief that the contract would be confirmed, acts of Congress. In this way, he passed that the same time, the belief that the contract would be confirmed, acts of Congress. In this way, he passed that the same time, the belief that the contract would be confirmed in through twelve years of anduous duty in give. They reported the result, and advising the contract would be confirmed in through twelve years of anduous duty in the service of Government, and of the same time, the sed their young friend to abandon his pro- der that impression, the purchas rs were their advices, and told them he was willing elect a person on whom they could rely to accept of any thing the President could with confidence. Thus you see the situations of the nature of that office, of the ment he threw aside his books, quit his merous and meritorious, presenting their studies, and with the commission of an cu- grievances -- on the other, my bosom friend, sign in his pocket, hastened to Cincinnath, expecting my voic. With me, it was a through an uninhabited wilderness, infested duty, he became the friend and advocate with hordes of savages, to one of the fron- of those very persons who had feared and tied and balanced his accounts, and not a over an extensive wilderness, then mainter posts. This was the commencement opposed him; and gave proof to the world, dollar of the public money remained in habited, without roads or canals of any practiced. On that system, Wayne entered the Indian country, and passed through at his leisure with entire safety to his army, as his pupil, practising on his plans, has often contained by Gen. Wayne in 1794, over the Indians, at the Rapids of the generated by the succeeding year. In that engage in the succeeding year. In that engage in the succeeding year. In that engage in the system, placed the poor man on an interest of the program of the system, placed the poor man on an interest of the program o

or omo,

At the Great Harrison Meeting in Cincinmati, March 19, 1836.

Mr. President,—As one of the objects
of this meeting is to support and advance the claims of our friend and fellow-citizen,
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the Great Harrison Meeting in Cincinmati, March 19, 1836.

Mr. President, and matin void the claims of the action. Wherever duty called he last act of his meeting is to support and advance the claims of our friend and fellow-citizen,
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They were duty called he last act of his meeting in the commencement to the close of the action. Wherever duty called he last act of his mers. If that had been the last act of his interest; and to march to the Prophet's mers. If that had been freeholders and independent faristing the fellow-citizen, and thinting the offices and to march to the Prophet's mers. If that had been the last act of his interest; and to march to the Prophet's misted to three thousands the treatment, and minimal voices the claims of the claims of the commencement to the closes to the claims of the commencement to the closes of the endure regiment, and minimal voices, and to march to the Prophet's misted to the Prophet's misted to the treatment, and independent farinstead to march to the Prophet's misted to the Prophet's misted to the Prophet's misted to the treatment, and independent farinstead to march to the Prophet's misted to the Prophet' Gen. Harrison, to the Presidential Chair, of General Wilkinson, Colonel Shamburg country, would have crected a statue to his memory; but he survives, and hundreds the evening to the recollection of those took part in the engagement. The results

ing to do, Harrison, unaccustomed to a life of indolence, and unwilling to contract that habit, resolved not to remain in camp, when he had no active duty to perform, and resigned his commission.

About that time be purchased a farm on Mill Creek, near this city, and became an operative farmer. He exchanged the sword and the epaulette of the Soldier, for the plough and plain garb of the Farmer, and and commenced cultivating the soil for the maintenance of his family.

In the spring of 1798, Col. Sargeant was appointed Governor of Mississippi, and re-igned the office of Secretary of the North Western Territory. Harrison was appointed to the vacancy, and (St. Clair being absent from the Territory) discharged the delicate and responsible duties of Governor of the North Western Territory, to the approbation of the People. In the succeeding year, it was ascertained that the Territory which then extended from the Pennsylvania line to the river Mississippi, and from the Ohio to the Lakes) contained five thousand free males, of full age; which by the Ordinance of 1787, author zed us to enter on the second grade of territorial government; under that grade we were entitled to a Legislature, consisting of a Council and House of Assembly, and also to have a Declaration of Independence. Such is the parentage of Harrison, and in the language joint hallot of the two branches of the Assembly.

the Legislative Council, and, of course, entitled to a vote in the choice of the Delegate. Harrison was a candidate - and here let me say, he was my intimate friend.
Some years before, when I arrived at Curritory. Time will not admit of much decimant, I found myself in a society of strangers—not a face presented itself, that I had ever before seen. I brought letters to Capt.
Harrison, then commandant of Fort Wash-superintendent of Indian Affairs. The duritory was a discharged with the say of these offices were discharged with the say of the say fidelity, then he has a right to expect at the hands of his fellow citizens, such an award as justice may require. His supporters, one and all, are prepared to appeal to his life, public and private—to exhibit it to the American people, to invite their strictest, and they do it with a conviction, and they do it with a conviction, amounting to certainty, that he will not only pass the ordeal, unscathed, but will seen the handson. In the year 1791, the public life of Harrison commenced. He had then finished his collegiate course, and engaged in the supporters of land—that he had obtained a passing of a profession—that of medicine.

Indians, were never before defeated and routed by eightiets of land, and no obtained for the United States, larger districts of land, and our distriction of heat treating was the more Indian force agent. In the supporters, and obtained for the United States, larger districts of land, and our districts of land, and our districts of land, and then finished has collegiate course, such an award as justice to my feelings that I ever gave. But had obtained a particular to the contract would be converted with my motouted by eight and was the mote of which the contract work of the great mass of the country, and they do it with a conviction, which, with a pike, the ground him. Bola and during the permanene of what he country do white men. Harry power, on the unfortion their chard with my motouted by eight and dering districts of land, and the particular districts of land, and the considered a dutty, the case portion with the country, and they do it with a conviction, and it wis the most districts of land, and the particular districts ect and continue his studies. He rejected alarmed, and bescught the Legislature to

SPEECH OF JUDGE BURNET, of the hottest battle;" his person was ex- equal footing with the man of wealth, and not on one of the hottest battle;" his person was ex- equal footing with the man of wealth, and force of about eight hundred men, to con- and Indians, the former commanded by candidate displays no flag inscribed with posed from the commencement to the close of the fourth regiment, and militia volumeters; and to march to the Prophet's ing to three thousand. They were furly spoils of victory, (meaning the offices and the evening to the recollection of those part in the engagement. The results traits in his character, and those acts in his character, and the find as the find a treatment that Proceeds in the find and the find and

which his enemis have recently propagated. In one of the resolutions adopted by the Jackson convention of Kentucky, they assert that the was a federalist of the old black cockade order, in the time of the clothes and on ther arms. The result black recently represent the figure of the plan and overlooked its execution; he caused each corps to eccupy the ground on the British army, with their artillery and the ground on the plan and overlooked its execution; he dispersed the Indians, and captured the caused each corps to eccupy the ground on th elder Adams, William Henry Harrison frontier of Indiana obtained security. was a firm, consistent, unyielding Republi-can of the Jefferson school. He advocated the election of Mr Jefferson, and warm-It so happened that I was a member of ly maintained his claims, against Mr Ad-

Let us now follow him to Indiana and take a concise view of his conduct while and Madison, under whose administrations he served. During that time he had made

great, and our intercourse was constant, kept their ground, and what is unusual with turned to the plough, and became again thore brilliant. And when the day arrives and from that time, till he left Cincinnati, them, made repeated charges on our the humble, unassuming farmer of North Bond.

I was in the habit of arguing and disputing troops. During the whole of the battle, Bond. with him on political subjects. I was a Governor Harrison was on horseback, in

of his well earned laurels. Among other short his time and the energies of his mind, things it was alleged that his force was were devoted to the business he was sent greatly superior in number to the Indians. to perform, This falsehood was easily put dawn. As Time will not admit of much dewrote to my friend, Captain Wells, Indian
manner in which he maintained the rights ties of those offices were discharged with intelligence and integrity, and secured the unqualified approbation both of Jefferson unmer engaged against Harrison, was at he had learned in infancy, and practised in number engaged against Harrison, was at least twelve hundred. Sir, I will venture manhood, become more valuable in his esto affirm, that twelve hundred northern timation by witnessing the efforts of arbimore Indian treaties, and obtained for the United States, larger districts of land, and routed by class bandered white men. Harpeople of Indiana. As superintendent of ern army. From the time he assumed the print can you look, and not see this pure Indian affairs, very large sums of money command, the frontier settlers felt them-

In the succeeding winter—the Siberian struggle between duty and friendship: I of accounts. Such being the nature of that the distressing, perplexing difficulties he which he honestly claims, and which are winter of 1791-2—he marched from this could not he late—I voted against my lagency, Governor Harrison might have place on foot, with his knapsack on his friend. He was, however elected—and saved an ample fortune without the posting to the neighborhood of the Lake, The laurels which his gallant deeds have back, at the head of a mall detatebment, what was the result? Under a sense of bility of detection. But such was not the materials necessary to make a descent won, are torn from his brows to decorate, pipers were then ordered to play a favorite When he retired from office, he set- on Canada. Every article was to be carried and give false lustre to a would-be rival. of his military career. Shortly after this that his integrity could not be moved by his hands. He was as poor then as when description. It frequently imported that the agency was accepted, the army. His penetrating eye soon disconnected integrity had never before been probed to Towards the close of this term of service with provender which was almost entirely covered the telents and merits of Harrison, the hettom. But, si, this is not all: he and he appointed him one of his Aids. In had seen the injustice of the monopoly the school of that veteran commander, and introduced into the land system of the place. That highly gifted Chief had forming the tin these preparations were in heter judgment. They know the truth; with this example constantly before him United States, by which the poorer classes med a plan to unite the Indians from Flor- progress, Hull having surrendered, Harri- they understand his character; they are during the period of four years of constant, active service, he acquired the rudiments of military tactics, and learned the most perfect system of conducting a campaign in an Indian country, that has ever been made and the period of the falses, by which the poorer classes of constant, active service, he acquired the rudiments of edizons were effectually excluded from its benefits. The public lands were sold in perfect system of conducting a campaign in an Indian country, that has ever been perfect system. The poor man was competent at the period of four years of constant, active service, he acquired the rudiments were effectually excluded from its benefits. The public lands were sold in for the purpose of causing a recession of a perfect system of conducting a campaign in the period of causing arcters; they are the form the period of outreed, tharties on had a tumerous and vigilant enemy before bim, to watch and keep in cheef, the rudiments to the talsehood and injustice of the talsehood and tumerous and visit to the Lakes, against the United States, to the Lakes, against the United States, to the talsehood and timerous and visit to the Lakes, against the United States, to the talsehood and timerous and visit to the Lakes, against the United States, to the Lakes, against the United States, to the Lakes, against the United States, to the talsehood and timerous and visit to the Lakes, against the United States, the talsehood a

the fact—every man in the nation ought to in council, and were assured that no hostil-know it. They preparation for a descent on Canada. The particularly, owe him a debt of gratitude, In the year 1800, Congress divided the promised to meet him the next day; but he north-western territory, by creating the Territory of Indiana, and our friend, Gen. Harrison, was appointed its first Governor; the combat, and not in the Council house, and Detroit, with the Territory surrendered by impatiently waiting for the time when they but before we look at his conduct in this made his arrangements accordingly. He important affair, suffer me to notice a false-bood, relating to this period of his life, to form the line of battle; he dictated the them to a battle in which he routed and south are rousing from their slumbers;

acquaintance with him commenced in two before day light, and one of the most country, and the government having no steadily fixed on this star of the west, as 1796, under the administration of Wash- desperate battles ensued that the records further need for his services he resigned it riseth to the zenith, forgetting for the ington. The intimacy between us was of Indian warfare contain. The energy his commission, and Cincinnatus like, re- present the lustre of others equally and even

If time permitted, it would be a pleasant federalist—honestly so, from principle, and adhered to the party tid it dissolved, and its elements minged with other parties formed on different principles. I can, therefore, speak on this point with absolute certainty, and I affirm, most solemely, to Vincennes. By that movement the tained the same principles, and the same that under the administration of Washington, and under the administration of the Indians disheartened, and the entire that have marked his whole life. To the complaint of the war-worn soldier Notwithstanding the important results car was ever open; that meritorious class of that victory were manifest, there were of sufferers never sought his aid, or called those who attempted to rob the victor of for the exertion of his talents in vain. In

We might follow him on his mission to

manner in which the money was necessari- the more dense settlements, for safety, left looks for office, without next to sustain give, and his resolution was unalterably tion in which I was placed: on the one manner in which the money was necessarimade to go to the West. From that mohand, were these unfortunate persons, nully disbursed, and of the impossibility, in their block houses and returned to their him, attempts to conciliate the powers that
he, with some warmth, "you did very wrong ty disbursed, and of the impossionly, in many cases, of obtaining vouchers, that the government was compelled to rely on the government was compelled to rely on the last indicate the party, by pursuing this unhallowed course, on ming; nothing encourages the Highlanders on the party, by pursuing this unhallowed course, on ming; nothing encourages the Highlanders on much in the day of action. Nay even which he honestly claims, and which are "Every thing smiable, lovely, and of good however appropriately his own, is denied him, and there is no epithet in our language too degrading to be applied to

Believe me, sir, nine tentles of those who

voice not to be resisted, calling the states-man, patriot and farmer of the West to the highest office in the gift of a free and grateful people.

Mr. O'Connell related the following anecdote on the occasion of a tory cheer which occurred in the course of the discussion of the Carlow case in the House of Commons.

When I heard the cheer of the party opposite it put me in mind of a circumstance which was described to me by the present Chief Justice of Ireland, Chief Justice Bush. After the rebellion of 1798 [I had the statement from his own lips,] when the amnesty had been passed, granting pardon for all crimes committed during the rebellion, murder alone excepted, he (Judge Bush) being at that time at the bar, was engaged as counsel for the prisoner at Wexford. This man was tried upon an indictment for murdering a yeoman, James White, and two witnesses appeared upon the table to support the prosecution. This case was tried before Baron Michael Smith, the father of the present Baron Smith. Well, two witnesses stood upon the table to prove what certainly was the will escape any punishment under the in-dennity act, and therefore, we are determined to hang him on the charge of mur-This was described to me by the present Chief Justice of Ireland as a literal

Bagpipes .- At the battle of Quebec, in 1760, while the British troops were retreating in great disorder, the general complained to a field officer in Fraser's regiment of martial air; and the Highlanders, the moment they heard the music, returned and formed with alacaity in the van.

God and my country. The common question asked a criminal, viz .- how he will be tried? is improperly answerd (says Barrington, in his works on the Statutes,) "By God and my Country." It originally must have been "By God on my Country."—that is either by ordeal or by jury; for the question asked supposes an option in the prisoper, and the answer is meant to assert his innocence, by declining neither sort of tri-

Humility and Contentment.- When you are disposed to be vain of your mental acaccomplished, than yourself, that you may be fired with emulation; but when you feel dissatisfied with your circumstances, look down on those beneath you, that you may